# Disaster Strikes: Now What?

The Perspective of an Assessor

BOE Meeting June 25, 2019



#### Focus

- People
  - ► Evacuees/Survivors
  - Staff

- ► Paperwork
  - ► FEMA/OES Reimbursement
  - ► Roll Corrections

# Property Tax Relief

- ► Reduction in Assessed Value [R&T § 170]
- ▶ Deferral of Next Property Tax Installment [R&T § 194 et seq]
- ► Transfer of Base Year Value to another property

#### Key Pieces:

- Property must have been assessed
- ▶ Damage cannot have been caused by the owner

# Property Tax Deferral

County Eligibility

Governor Declared Disaster

County Ordinance for Tax Relief

# Property Tax Deferral

- ► Eligible Property
  - ► In an eligible county
  - ► Sustained substantial damage
  - ▶ Owner filed a Claim for Reassessment
  - ▶ Homeowners' Exemption

# Substantial Damage

- ▶ If eligible for Homeowners' Exemption:
  - More than 10% of market value
    Or
  - ►\$10,000 in damage Whichever is less

- ▶ Other Property:
  - At least 20% of market value

# Property Tax Deferral

#### To Qualify Owner must file:

- ► Claim for Reassessment
  - And -
- ► Request deferral of next payment

- ▶ Both requests are made to the Assessor, not the Tax Collector
- ▶ Requirement to file can be waived by Ordinance

- ▶ Before and After Appraisal
- **B**efore
  - Immediately before the disaster
  - As if no damage had occurred
- ► After
  - ► Considers damage

- ► For Assessment Purposes:
  - ► Value the entire appraisal unit
    - Determine contributory value of each component
      - Land
      - **▶** Improvements
      - Personal Property

➤ Simple Formula:

Value Before Damage

minus Value After Damage

equals Damage

Damage must exceed \$10,000 to qualify for reduction

▶ Determine percentage reductions

► Reduce Assessed Value by the percentage

# Reduction in Assessed Value - Example

#### Value Before Damage:

Land	\$ 65,000
Improvements	\$ 335,000
Total	\$ 400,000

#### Value After Damage

 Land
 \$ 50,000
 23

 Improvements
 \$ 0
 100

 Total
 \$ 50,000

% Change

# Reduction in Assessed Value - Example

	Assessed Value		% Change	Reasse	Reassessed Value	
Land	\$	25,000	23	\$	19,250	
Imps	\$	185,000	100	\$	0	
Total	\$	210,000		\$	19,250	

211.75

2,310.00

Taxes\*

<sup>\*</sup> Assuming 1.1% effective tax rate

Using Base Year Values:

If only one building is damaged

AND

You know its base year value...

Reduce the Improvement value by that contributory value

You'll still need to know the percentage reduction for the land



Last step is to correct the Assessment Roll

▶ Reduced value is enrolled as of

1st of the month in which the calamity occurred

▶ Prorated for the balance of the fiscal year

Using the Example, assuming a calamity on October 24, 2019:

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Taxes: $2,310.00 \times .25 = 577.50

$211.75 \times .75 = 158.81

$736.31
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# What if we disagree?

► Appeal Rights

▶ 6 months from Notice of Reassessment

**E**vidence

► Same as the Assessor – market values before and after the calamity

#### Value Restoration

Land values depend on the market

In Calaveras, values went up following the Butte Fire

► Vacancy Rates plummeted



#### Value Restoration

- ► Improvement Values
  - Depend on what is reconstructed and when
  - Same size and utility
    - Restore factored base year value
  - Larger structures
    - Restore factored base year value plus value added

#### Assessor Issues

- ▶ Day-to-Day Operations
  - ► File Security
  - ► Staff Safety
  - ► Mailing Addresses
- ▶ Documentation
  - ► Base Year Values of Components
  - ► Reductions
- ► Field Inspections
  - ▶ Outside Reports are not always accurate



# Safety in the Field

► Fashion [aka Personal Protective Equipment]

- ► Training/Awareness
  - ► Hazwhopper
  - ► Multiple Activities
    - ▶ Debris Removal
    - Tree Removal
    - ► Road Repairs
- ► Roads and Maps



#### Aftermath

- It's not over when the fire is out
  - Clean up
  - ► Rebuilding
  - ▶ Other potential disasters
    - ► Flooding
    - ► Mud Flows

# Questions?